



## Math Majors of America Tournament for High Schools 2020 Tiebreaker Test

1. A positive integer  $n$  is called an *untouchable number* if there is no positive integer  $m$  for which the sum of the factors of  $m$  (including  $m$  itself) is  $n + m$ . Find the sum of all of the untouchable numbers between 1 and 10 (inclusive).

2. Suppose that points  $A$  and  $B$  lie on circle  $\Omega$ , and suppose that points  $C$  and  $D$  are the trisection points of major arc  $\widehat{AB}$ , with  $C$  closer to  $B$  than  $A$ . Let  $E$  be the intersection of line  $AB$  with the line tangent to  $\Omega$  at  $C$ . Suppose that  $DC = 8$  and  $DB = 11$ . If  $DE = a\sqrt{b}$  for integers  $a$  and  $b$  with  $b$  squarefree, find  $a + b$ .

3. Let  $a, b$  be two real numbers such that

$$\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b} = 10, \quad ab = \left(\frac{8 - a - b}{6}\right)^3.$$

Find  $a - b$ .

4. Define the function  $f(n)$  for positive integers  $n$  as follows: if  $n$  is prime, then  $f(n) = 1$ ; and  $f(ab) = a \cdot f(b) + f(a) \cdot b$  for all positive integers  $a$  and  $b$ . How many positive integers  $n$  less than  $5^{50}$  have the property that  $f(n) = n$ ?

5. Let  $x, y$  be positive reals such that  $x \neq y$ . Find the minimum possible value of  $(x + y)^2 + \frac{54}{xy(x - y)^2}$ .

6. Consider the function  $f(n) = n^2 + n + 1$ . For each  $n$ , let  $d_n$  be the smallest positive integer with  $\gcd(n, d_n) = 1$  and  $f(n) \mid f(d_n)$ . Find  $d_6 + d_7 + d_8 + d_9 + d_{10}$ .

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID : \_\_\_\_\_

Team : \_\_\_\_\_

– 75 minutes  
– no calculators  
– all answers are  
positive integers